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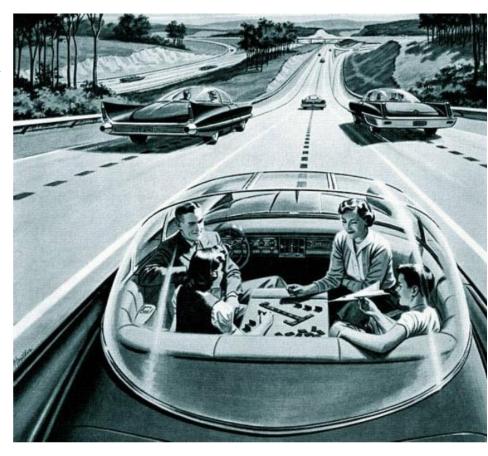
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The dream of the 1950s becomes reality...



"ELECTRICITY MAY BE THE DRIVER. One day your car may speed along an electric superhighway, its speed and steering automatically controlled by electronic devices embedded in the road. Highways will be made safe – by electricity! No traffic jams ... no collisions ... no driver fatigue."



source: "Power companies build for your new electric living". The Victoria Advocate. 24 March 1957.



Overview of CAD in Europe



1. History and development

2. State of the art of connected and automated applications

3. European trends and initiatives

4. Outlook: potentials and challenges



Definitions



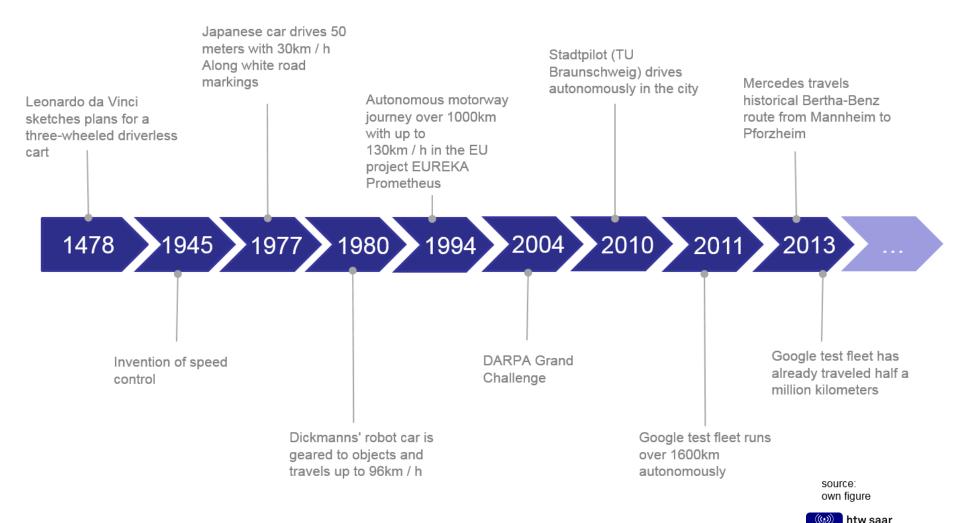
- Connected cars are those that have access to the Internet and a variety of sensors, and that are thus able to send and receive signals, sense the physical environment around them, and interact with other vehicles or entities.
- (Fully) automated vehicles (also known as self-driving cars or robotic cars) are motor vehicles that operate without a human driver, which reduces the cost of transportation and improves convenience and (in most cases) safety.
- The car of the future will be <u>both</u>.



History and development



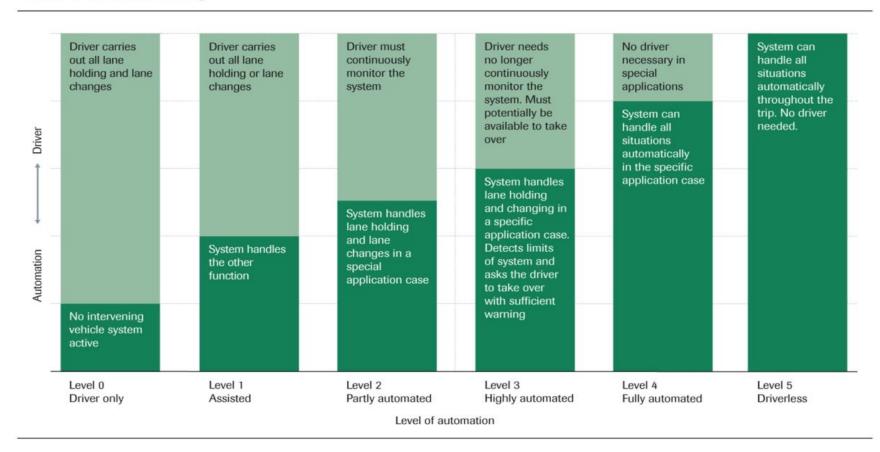
Verkehrstelematik



History and development



Levels of automated driving

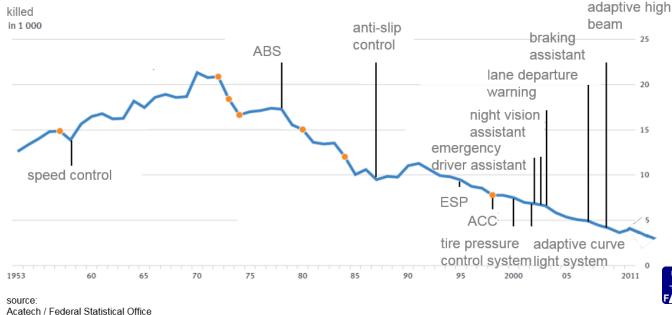




History and development



- 86% of accidents involving personal injury are caused by misbehavior of the vehicle drivers.
- Reasons:
 - danger not recognized
 - situations misjudged
 - reactions too slow or wrong



State of the art of connected and automated applications



source:

DVR

Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, or ADAS, are systems to help the driver in the driving process. When designed with a safe Human-Machine Interface, they should increase car safety and more generally road safety.





















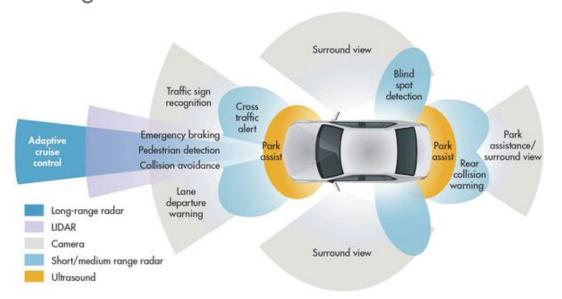


State of the art of connected and automated applications



Advanced Driver Assistance Systems:

- Inform
- Warn
- Support
- Intervene
- Recognize critical situations



→ But they do not drive alone!

source:

http://roboticsandautomationnews.com/w p-content/uploads/2016/09/adasillustration.gif



State of the art of connected and automated applications



Example Germany

Self-driving cars are particularly difficult in urban traffic. Six German cities want to set up test fields for autonomous driving.





- Streets are to be equipped with sensors.
- Computers are used to take over certain tasks, such as braking and tracking assistants, or systems where you can take your hand off the road for a while.
- By 2020, the federal government is providing 80 million euros as research funding.

European trends and initiatives Scope and objectives



Automated and connected Driving is seen as one of the key technologies and major technological advancements influencing and shaping our future mobility and quality of life. The main drivers for higher levels of Automated Driving are:

- Safety: Reduce accidents caused by human errors.
- Efficiency and environmental objectives: Increase transport system
 efficiency and reduce time in congested traffic. Smoother traffic will help to
 decrease the energy consumption and emissions of the vehicles.
- Comfort: Enable user's freedom for other activities when automated systems are active.
- Social inclusion: Ensure mobility for all, including elderly and impaired users.
- Accessibility: Facilitate access to city centres.
- → Automated Driving must therefore be considered as a key aspect for the European Transport policy. Nations have to design a regulatory framework.



European trends and initiatives Initial development

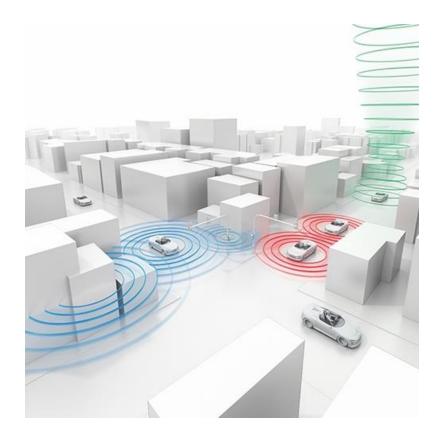


- Automated vehicles projects are currently underway in several countries worldwide. A number of European countries, including UK, Germany,
 France, Sweden and Netherlands are taking significant steps to be at the forefront of research in this sector.
- This research and development is partly driven by governmental stakeholders on various levels (e.g. Horizon2020, Strategy for automated and connected driving), partly by OEMs.
- **EU Directive 2007/46/EC** regulates how new vehicles should operate and be designed. More detailed technical provisions are contained within UNECE (WP.29) and can be found in the UNECE regulations to which the EU legislation refers.
- Within existing rules, barriers exist against the global market launch of automation Level 3, 4 and 5 and, in some cases, national provisions could also challenge the use of Level 2.
- Europe takes the evolutionary approach, rather than the revolutionary, known from the US (Google, Apple, Tesla).

European trends and initiatives 5 G Automotive Association

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- AUDI AG, BMW Group, Daimler AG, Ericsson, Huawei, Intel, Nokia and Qualcomm Incorporated team up to evolve, test and promote communications solutions for connected mobility.
- Next generation mobile networks will help to address society's mobility and road safety needs with applications like connected infotainment features and connected automated driving.
- The association is open to further partners.





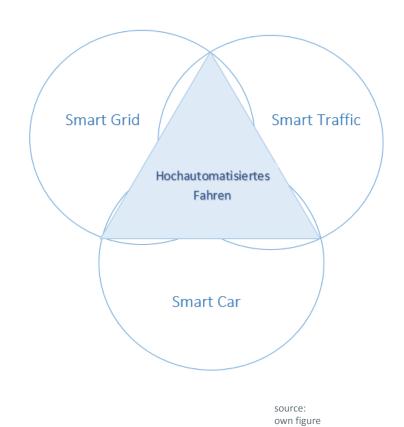


Possibilities

- No longer think in products or content, but in effect.
 - → Not car, but mobility.
 - → Not product, but service.
- The future of connected and automated driving is based on situationally relevant IT-services.
 - DATA-TRACKING
 - DATA-MINING
 - DATABILITY



Green and smart







Consumer potential





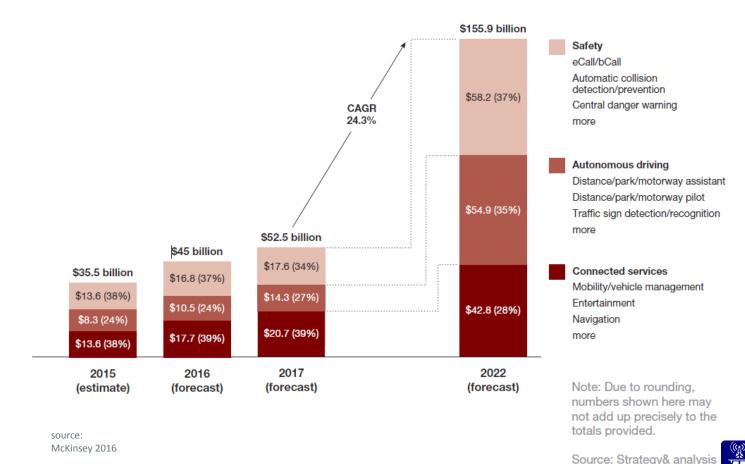
McKinsey&Company



htw saar

Forschungsgruppe Verkehrstelematik

Market potential





Development needs / unanswered questions

- Will the automated car need a drivers license?
- Liability (driver or OEM?) and traffic law
- Artificial intelligence for communication
- Cultural and social behaviour adaption
- Ethical dilemmas
- Which Infrastructure is needed?
-



source:



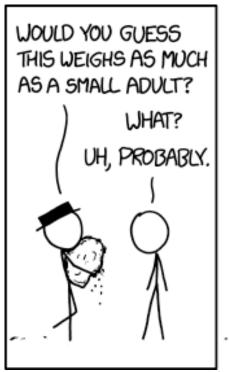
source:
Automobil und Motorentechnik



source: radiorabella.de













source: explainxkcd.com



The automated driving deployment path



Level	Established	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030
Level 5: Full automation											Fully automated: private vehicle	
							4					
Level 4 High Automation						Parking Gar Pilot	ine Co	shway auto Eluding High nvoy Urb Pilo	an and Sub	urban		Ä
Level 3 Conditional Automation				Traffi Chauf		Highway Chauffe						
Level 2 Partial Automation			Traffic Jam Assistance Park Assistance									
Level 1: Driver Assistance	ACC S&G PA LKA											
Level 0: Driver Assistance & & ADAS beyond human Cabability to act	LCA PDC LDW FCW Emergency brake ABS ESC DSR											

source: ERTRAC





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